

CANTERBURY TALES

THE PROLOGUE

by Geoffrey Chaucer
(1340-1400)

The Prologue -

Here begins the Book of the Tales of Canterbury
When April with his showers sweet with fruit
The drought of March has pierced unto the root
And bathed each vein with liquor that has power
To generate therein and sire the flower;
When Zephyr also has, with his sweet breath,
Quickened again, in every holt and heath,
The tender shoots and buds, and the young sun
Into the Ram one half his course has run,
And many little birds make melody
That sleep through all the night with open eye
(So Nature pricks them on to ramp and rage)-
Then do folk long to go on pilgrimage,
And palmers to go seeking out strange strands,
To distant shrines well known in sundry lands.
And specially from every shire's end
Of England they to Canterbury wend,
The holy blessed martyr there to seek
Who help ed them when they lay so ill and weal
Befell that, in that season, on a day
In Southwark, at the Tabard, as I lay
Ready to start upon my pilgrimage
To Canterbury, full of devout homage,
There came at nightfall to that hostelry
Some nine and twenty in a company
Of sundry persons who had chanced to fall
In fellowship, and pilgrims were they all
That toward Canterbury town would ride.
The rooms and stables spacious were and wide,
And well we there were eased, and of the best.
And briefly, when the sun had gone to rest,
So had I spoken with them, every one,
That I was of their fellowship anon,
And made agreement that we'd early rise
To take the road, as you I will apprise.

But none the less, whilst I have time and space,
 Before yet farther in this tale I pace,
 It seems to me accordant with reason
 To inform you of the state of every one
 Of all of these, as it appeared to me,
 And who they were, and what was their degree,
 And even how arrayed there at the inn;
 And with a knight thus will I first begin.

THE KNIGHT

A knight there was, and he a worthy man,
 Who, from the moment that he first began
 To ride about the world, loved chivalry,
 Truth, honour, freedom and all courtesy.
 Full worthy was he in his liege-lord's war,
 And therein had he ridden (none more far)
 As well in Christendom as heathenesse,
 And honoured everywhere for worthiness.
 At Alexandria, he, when it was won;
 Full oft the table's roster he'd begun
 Above all nations' knights in Prussia.
 In Latvia raided he, and Russia,
 No christened man so oft of his degree.
 In far Granada at the siege was he
 Of Algeciras, and in Belmarie.
 At Ayas was he and at Satalye
 When they were won; and on the Middle Sea
 At many a noble meeting chanced to be.
 Of mortal battles he had fought fifteen,
 And he'd fought for our faith at Tramissene
 Three times in lists, and each time slain his foe.
 This self-same worthy knight had been also
 At one time with the lord of Palatye
 Against another heathen in Turkey:
 And always won he sovereign fame for prize.
 Though so illustrious, he was very wise
 And bore himself as meekly as a maid.
 He never yet had any vileness said,
 In all his life, to whatsoever wight.
 He was a truly perfect, gentle knight.
 But now, to tell you all of his array,
 His steeds were good, but yet he was not gay.
 Of simple fustian wore he a jupon
 Sadly discoloured by his habergeon;
 For he had lately come from his voyage
 And now was going on this pilgrimage.

THE SQUIRE

With him there was his son, a youthful squire,
 A lover and a lusty bachelor,
 With locks well curled, as if they'd laid in press.
 Some twenty years of age he was, I guess.
 In stature he was of an average length,
 Wondrously active, aye, and great of strength.
 He'd ridden sometime with the cavalry
 In Flanders, in Artois, and Picardy,
 And borne him well within that little space
 In hope to win thereby his lady's grace.
 Pinked out he was, as if he were a mead,
 All full of fresh-cut flowers white and red.
 Singing he was, or fluting, all the day;
 He was as fresh as is the month of May.
 Short was his gown, with sleeves both long and wide.
 Well could he sit on horse, and fairly ride.
 He could make songs and words thereto indite,
 Joust, and dance too, as well as sketch and write.
 So hot he loved that, while night told her tale,
 He slept no more than does a nightingale.
 Courteous he, and humble, willing and able,
 And carved before his father at the table.

THE YEOMAN

A yeoman had he, nor more servants, no,
 At that time, for he chose to travel so;
 And he was clad in coat and hood of green.
 A sheaf of peacock arrows bright and keen
 Under his belt he bore right carefully
 (Well could he keep his tackle yeomanly:
 His arrows had no draggled feathers low),
 And in his hand he bore a mighty bow.
 A cropped head had he and a sun-browned face.
 Of woodcraft knew he all the useful ways.
 Upon his arm he bore a bracer gay,
 And at one side a sword and buckler, yea,
 And at the other side a dagger bright,
 Well sheathed and sharp as spear point in the light;
 On breast a Christopher of silver sheen.
 He bore a horn in baldric all of green;
 A forester he truly was, I guess.

THE PRIORESS

There was also a nun, a prioress,
 Who, in her smiling, modest was and coy;
 Her greatest oath was but "By Saint Eloy!"

And she was known as Madam Eglantine.
 Full well she sang the services divine,
 Intoning through her nose, becomingly;
 And fair she spoke her French, and fluently,
 After the school of Stratford-at-the-Bow,
 For French of Paris was not hers to know.
 At table she had been well taught withal,
 And never from her lips let morsels fall,
 Nor dipped her fingers deep in sauce, but ate
 With so much care the food upon her plate
 That never dribble fell upon her breast.
 In courtesy she had delight and zest.
 Her upper lip was always wiped so clean
 That in her cup was no iota seen
 Of grease, when she had drunk her draught of wine.
 Becomingly she reached for meat to dine.
 And certainly delighting in good sport,
 She was right pleasant, amiable- in short.
 She was at pains to counterfeit the look
 Of courtliness, and stately manners took,
 And would be held worthy of reverence.
 But, to say something of her moral sense,
 She was so charitable and piteous
 That she would weep if she but saw a mouse
 Caught in a trap, though it were dead or bled.
 She had some little dogs, too, that she fed
 On roasted flesh, or milk and fine white bread.
 But sore she'd weep if one of them were dead,
 Or if men smote it with a rod to smart:
 For pity ruled her, and her tender heart.
 Right decorous her pleated wimple was;
 Her nose was fine; her eyes were blue as glass;
 Her mouth was small and therewith soft and red;
 But certainly she had a fair forehead;
 It was almost a full span broad, I own,
 For, truth to tell, she was not undergrown.
 Neat was her cloak, as I was well aware.
 Of coral small about her arm she'd bear
 A string of beads and gauded all with green;
 And therefrom hung a brooch of golden sheen
 Whereon there was first written a crowned "A,"
 And under, Amor vincit omnia.

THE NUN

Another little nun with her had she,

THE THREE PRIESTS

Who was her chaplain; and of priests she'd three.

THE MONK

A monk there was, one made for mastery,
 An outrider, who loved his venery;
 A manly man, to be an abbot able.
 Full many a blooded horse had he in stable:
 And when he rode men might his bridle hear
 A-jingling in the whistling wind as clear,
 Aye, and as loud as does the chapel bell
 Where this brave monk was of the cell.
 The rule of Maurus or Saint Benedict,
 By reason it was old and somewhat strict,
 This said monk let such old things slowly pace
 And followed new-world manners in their place.
 He cared not for that text a clean-plucked hen
 Which holds that hunters are not holy men;
 Nor that a monk, when he is cloisterless,
 Is like unto a fish that's waterless;
 That is to say, a monk out of his cloister.
 But this same text he held not worth an oyster;
 And I said his opinion was right good.
 What? Should he study as a madman would
 Upon a book in cloister cell? Or yet
 Go labour with his hands and swink and sweat,
 As Austin bids? How shall the world be served?
 Let Austin have his toil to him reserved.
 Therefore he was a rider day and night;
 Greyhounds he had, as swift as bird in flight.
 Since riding and the hunting of the hare
 Were all his love, for no cost would he spare.
 I saw his sleeves were purfled at the hand
 With fur of grey, the finest in the land;
 Also, to fasten hood beneath his chin,
 He had of good wrought gold a curious pin:
 A love-knot in the larger end there was.
 His head was bald and shone like any glass,
 And smooth as one anointed was his face.
 Fat was this lord, he stood in goodly case.
 His bulging eyes he rolled about, and hot
 They gleamed and red, like fire beneath a pot;
 His boots were soft; his horse of great estate.
 Now certainly he was a fine prelate:
 He was not pale as some poor wasted ghost.
 A fat swan loved he best of any roast.
 His palfrey was as brown as is a berry.

THE FRIAR

A friar there was, a wanton and a merry,
 A limiter, a very festive man.
 In all the Orders Four is none that can
 Equal his gossip and his fair language.
 He had arranged full many a marriage
 Of women young, and this at his own cost.
 Unto his order he was a noble post.
 Well liked by all and intimate was he
 With franklins everywhere in his country,
 And with the worthy women of the town:
 For at confessing he'd more power in gown
 (As he himself said) than it good curate,
 For of his order he was licentiate.
 He heard confession gently, it was said,
 Gently absolved too, leaving naught of dread.
 He was an easy man to give penance
 When knowing he should gain a good pittance;
 For to a begging friar, money given
 Is sign that any man has been well shriven.
 For if one gave (he dared to boast of this),
 He took the man's repentance not amiss.
 For many a man there is so hard of heart
 He cannot weep however pains may smart.
 Therefore, instead of weeping and of prayer,
 Men should give silver to poor friars all bare.
 His tippet was stuck always full of knives
 And pins, to give to young and pleasing wives.
 And certainly he kept a merry note:
 Well could he sing and play upon the rote.
 At balladry he bore the prize away.
 His throat was white as lily of the May;
 Yet strong he was as ever champion.
 In towns he knew the taverns, every one,
 And every good host and each barmaid too-
 Better than begging lepers, these he knew.
 For unto no such solid man as he
 Accorded it, as far as he could see,
 To have sick lepers for acquaintances.
 There is no honest advantageousness
 In dealing with such poverty-stricken curs;
 It's with the rich and with big victuallers.
 And so, wherever profit might arise,
 Courteous he was and humble in men's eyes.
 There was no other man so virtuous.

He was the finest beggar of his house;
 A certain district being farmed to him,
 None of his brethren dared approach its rim;
 For though a widow had no shoes to show,
 So pleasant was his *In principio*,
 He always got a farthing ere he went.
 He lived by pickings, it is evident.
 And he could romp as well as any whelp .
 On love days could he be of mickle help .
 For there he was not like a cloisterer,
 With threadbare cope as is the poor scholar,
 But he was like a lord or like a pope.
 Of double worsted was his semi-cope,
 That rounded like a bell, as you may guess.
 He lisped a little, out of wantonness,
 To make his English soft upon his tongue;
 And in his harping, after he had sung,
 His two eyes twinkled in his head as bright
 As do the stars within the frosty night.
 This worthy limiter was named Hubert.

THE MERCHANT

There was a merchant with forked beard, and girt
 In motley gown, and high on horse he sat,
 Upon his head a Flemish beaver hat;
 His boots were fastened rather elegantly.
 His spoke his notions out right pompously,
 Stressing the times when he had won, not lost.
 He would the sea were held at any cost
 Across from Middleburgh to Orwell town.
 At money-changing he could make a crown.
 This worthy man kept all his wits well set;
 There was no one could say he was in debt,
 So well he governed all his trade affairs
 With bargains and with borrowings and with shares.
 Indeed, he was a worthy man withal,
 But, sooth to say, his name I can't recall.

THE CLERK

A clerk from Oxford was with us also,
 Who'd turned to getting knowledge, long ago.
 As meagre was his horse as is a rake,
 Nor he himself too fat, I'll undertake,
 But he looked hollow and went soberly.
 Right threadbare was his overcoat; for he
 Had got him yet no churchly benefice,
 Nor was so worldly as to gain office.

For he would rather have at his bed's head
 Some twenty books, all bound in black and red,
 Of Aristotle and his philosophy
 Than rich robes, fiddle, or gay psaltery.
 Yet, and for all he was philosopher,
 He had but little gold within his coffer;
 But all that he might borrow from a friend
 On books and learning he would swiftly spend,
 And then he'd pray right busily for the souls
 Of those who gave him wherewithal for schools.
 Of study took he utmost care and heed.
 Not one word spoke he more than was his need;
 And that was said in fullest reverence
 And short and quick and full of high good sense.
 Pregnant of moral virtue was his speech;
 And gladly would he learn and gladly teach.

THE LAWYER

A sergeant of the law, wary and wise,
 Who'd often gone to Paul's walk to advise,
 There was also, compact of excellence.
 Discreet he was, and of great reverence;
 At least he seemed so, his words were so wise.
 Often he sat as justice in assize,
 By patent or commission from the crown;
 Because of learning and his high renown,
 He took large fees and many robes could own.
 So great a purchaser was never known.
 All was fee simple to him, in effect,
 Wherefore his claims could never be suspect.
 Nowhere a man so busy of his class,
 And yet he seemed much busier than he was.
 All cases and all judgments could he cite
 That from King William's time were apposite.
 And he could draw a contract so explicit
 Not any man could fault therefrom elicit;
 And every statute he'd verbatim quote.
 He rode but badly in a medley coat,
 Belted in a silken sash, with little bars,
 But of his dress no more particulars.
 THE FRANKLIN
 There was a franklin in his company;
 White was his beard as is the white daisy.
 Of sanguine temperament by every sign,
 He loved right well his morning sop in wine.
 Delightful living was the goal he'd won,
 For he was Epicurus' very son,

That held opinion that a full delight
 Was true felicity, perfect and right.
 A householder, and that a great, was he;
 Saint Julian he was in his own country.
 His bread and ale were always right well done;
 A man with better cellars there was none.
 Baked meat was never wanting in his house,
 Of fish and flesh, and that so plenteous
 It seemed to snow therein both food and drink
 Of every dainty that a man could think.
 According to the season of the year
 He changed his diet and his means of cheer.
 Full many a fattened partridge did he mew,
 And many a bream and pike in fish-pond too.
 Woe to his cook, except the sauces were
 Poignant and sharp, and ready all his gear.
 His table, waiting in his hall alway,
 Stood ready covered through the livelong day.
 At county sessions was he lord and sire,
 And often acted as a knight of shire.
 A dagger and a trinket-bag of silk
 Hung from his girdle, white as morning milk.
 He had been sheriff and been auditor;
 And nowhere was a worthier vavasor.
THE HABERDASHER AND THE CARPENTER
 A haberdasher and a carpenter,
THE WEAVER, THE DYER, AND THE ARRAS-MAKER
 An arras-maker, dyer, and weaver
 Were with us, clothed in similar livery,
 All of one sober, great fraternity.
 Their gear was new and well adorned it was;
 Their weapons were not cheaply trimmed with brass,
 But all with silver; chastely made and well
 Their girdles and their pouches too, I tell.
 Each man of them appeared a proper burges
 To sit in guildhall on a high dais.
 And each of them, for wisdom he could span,
 Was fitted to have been an alderman;
 For chattels they'd enough, and, too, of rent;
 To which their goodwives gave a free assent,
 Or else for certain they had been to blame.
 It's good to hear "Madam" before one's name,
 And go to church when all the world may see,
 Having one's mantle borne right royally.
THE COOK

A cook they had with them, just for the nonce,
 To boil the chickens with the marrow-bones,
 And flavour tartly and with galingale.
 Well could he tell a draught of London ale.
 And he could roast and seethe and broil and fry,
 And make a good thick soup, and bake a pie.
 But very ill it was, it seemed to me,
 That on his shin a deadly sore had he;
 For sweet blanc-mange, he made it with the best.

THE SAILOR

There was a sailor, living far out west;
 For aught I know, he was of Dartmouth town.
 He sadly rode a hackney, in a gown,
 Of thick rough cloth falling to the knee.
 A dagger hanging on a cord had he
 About his neck, and under arm, and down.
 The summer's heat had burned his visage brown;
 And certainly he was a good fellow.
 Full many a draught of wine he'd drawn, I trow,
 Of Bordeaux vintage, while the trader slept.
 Nice conscience was a thing he never kept.
 If that he fought and got the upper hand,
 By water he sent them home to every land.
 But as for craft, to reckon well his tides,
 His currents and the dangerous watersides,
 His harbours, and his moon, his pilotage,
 There was none such from Hull to far Carthage.
 Hardy. and wise in all things undertaken,
 By many a tempest had his beard been shaken.
 He knew well all the havens, as they were,
 From Gottland to the Cape of Finisterre,
 And every creek in Brittany and Spain;
 His vessel had been christened Madeleine.

THE PHYSICIAN

With us there was a doctor of physic;
 In all this world was none like him to pick
 For talk of medicine and surgery;
 For he was grounded in astronomy.
 He often kept a patient from the pall
 By horoscopes and magic natural.
 Well could he tell the fortune ascendent
 Within the houses for his sick patient.
 He knew the cause of every malady,
 Were it of hot or cold, of moist or dry,
 And where engendered, and of what humour;

He was a very good practitioner.
 The cause being known, down to the deepest root,
 Anon he gave to the sick man his boot.
 Ready he was, with his apothecaries,
 To send him drugs and all electuaries;
 By mutual aid much gold they'd always won-
 Their friendship was a thing not new begun.
 Well read was he in Esculapius,
 And Deiscorides, and in Rufus,
 Hippocrates, and Hali, and Galen,
 Serapion, Rhazes, and Avicen,
 Averrhoes, Gilbert, and Constantine,
 Bernard and Gatisden, and John Damascene.
 In diet he was measured as could be,
 Including naught of superfluity,
 But nourishing and easy. It's no libel
 To say he read but little in the Bible.
 In blue and scarlet he went clad, withal,
 Lined with a taffeta and with sendal;
 And yet he was right chary of expense;
 He kept the gold he gained from pestilence.
 For gold in physic is a fine cordial,
 And therefore loved he gold exceeding all.

THE WIFE OF BATH

There was a housewife come from Bath, or near,
 Who- sad to say- was deaf in either ear.
 At making cloth she had so great a bent
 She bettered those of Ypres and even of Ghent.
 In all the parish there was no goodwife
 Should offering make before her, on my life;
 And if one did, indeed, so wroth was she
 It put her out of all her charity.
 Her kerchiefs were of finest weave and ground;
 I dare swear that they weighed a full ten pound
 Which, of a Sunday, she wore on her head.
 Her hose were of the choicest scarlet red,
 Close gartered, and her shoes were soft and new.
 Bold was her face, and fair, and red of hue.
 She'd been respectable throughout her life,
 With five churched husbands bringing joy and strife,
 Not counting other company in youth;
 But thereof there's no need to speak, in truth.
 Three times she'd journeyed to Jerusalem;
 And many a foreign stream she'd had to stem;

At Rome she'd been, and she'd been in Boulogne,
 In Spain at Santiago, and at Cologne.
 She could tell much of wandering by the way:
 Gap-toothed was she, it is no lie to say.
 Upon an ambler easily she sat,
 Well wimpled, aye, and over all a hat
 As broad as is a buckler or a targe;
 A rug was tucked around her buttocks large,
 And on her feet a pair of sharpened spurs.
 In company well could she laugh her slurs.
 The remedies of love she knew, perchance,
 For of that art she'd learned the old, old dance.

THE PARSON

There was a good man of religion, too,
 A country parson, poor, I warrant you;
 But rich he was in holy thought and work.
 He was a learned man also, a clerk,
 Who Christ's own gospel truly sought to preach;
 Devoutly his parishioners would he teach.
 Benign he was and wondrous diligent,
 Patient in adverse times and well content,
 As he was oftentimes proven; always blithe,
 He was right loath to curse to get a tithe,
 But rather would he give, in case of doubt,
 Unto those poor parishioners about,
 Part of his income, even of his goods.
 Enough with little, coloured all his moods.
 Wide was his parish, houses far asunder,
 But never did he fail, for rain or thunder,
 In sickness, or in sin, or any state,
 To visit to the farthest, small and great,
 Going afoot, and in his hand, a stave.
 This fine example to his flock he gave,
 That first he wrought and afterwards he taught;
 Out of the gospel then that text he caught,
 And this figure he added thereunto-
 That, if gold rust, what shall poor iron do?
 For if the priest be foul, in whom we trust,
 What wonder if a layman yield to lust?
 And shame it is, if priest take thought for keep,
 A shitty shepherd, shepherding clean sheep.
 Well ought a priest example good to give,
 By his own cleanness, how his flock should live.
 He never let his benefice for hire,
 Leaving his flock to flounder in the mire,

And ran to London, up to old Saint Paul's
 To get himself a chantry there for souls,
 Nor in some brotherhood did he withhold;
 But dwelt at home and kept so well the fold
 That never wolf could make his plans miscarry;
 He was a shepherd and not mercenary.
 And holy though he was, and virtuous,
 To sinners he was not impiteous,
 Nor haughty in his speech, nor too divine,
 But in all teaching prudent and benign.
 To lead folk into Heaven but by stress
 Of good example was his busyness.
 But if some sinful one proved obstinate,
 Be who it might, of high or low estate,
 Him he reprov'd, and sharply, as I know.
 There is nowhere a better priest, I trow.
 He had no thirst for pomp or reverence,
 Nor made himself a special, spiced conscience,
 But Christ's own lore, and His apostles' twelve
 He taught, but first he followed it himselfe.

THE PLOWMAN

With him there was a plowman, was his brother,
 That many a load of dung, and many another
 Had scattered, for a good true toiler, he,
 Living in peace and perfect charity.
 He loved God most, and that with his whole heart
 At all times, though he played or plied his art,
 And next, his neighbour, even as himself.
 He'd thresh and dig, with never thought of pelf,
 For Christ's own sake, for every poor wight,
 All without pay, if it lay in his might.
 He paid his taxes, fully, fairly, well,
 Both by his own toil and by stuff he'd sell.
 In a tabard he rode upon a mare.
 There were also a reeve and miller there;
 A summoner, manciple and pardoner,
 And these, beside myself, made all there were.

THE MILLER

The miller was a stout churl, be it known,
 Hardy and big of brawn and big of bone;
 Which was well proved, for when he went on lam
 At wrestling, never failed he of the ram.
 He was a chunky fellow, broad of build;
 He'd heave a door from hinges if he willed,
 Or break it through, by running, with his head.

His beard, as any sow or fox, was red,
 And broad it was as if it were a spade.
 Upon the coping of his nose he had
 A wart, and thereon stood a tuft of hairs,
 Red as the bristles in an old sow's ears;
 His nostrils they were black and very wide.
 A sword and buckler bore he by his side.
 His mouth was like a furnace door for size.
 He was a jester and could poetize,
 But mostly all of sin and ribaldries.
 He could steal corn and full thrice charge his fees;
 And yet he had a thumb of gold, begad.
 A white coat and blue hood he wore, this lad.
 A bagpipe he could blow well, be it known,
 And with that same he brought us out of town.

THE MANCIPLE

There was a manciple from an inn of court,
 To whom all buyers might quite well resort
 To learn the art of buying food and drink;
 For whether he paid cash or not, I think
 That he so knew the markets, when to buy,
 He never found himself left high and dry.
 Now is it not of God a full fair grace
 That such a vulgar man has wit to pace
 The wisdom of a crowd of learned men?
 Of masters had he more than three times ten,
 Who were in law expert and curious;
 Whereof there were a dozen in that house
 Fit to be stewards of both rent and land
 Of any lord in England who would stand
 Upon his own and live in manner good,
 In honour, debtless (save his head were wood),
 Or live as frugally as he might desire;
 These men were able to have help ed a shire
 In any case that ever might befall;
 And yet this manciple outguessed them all.

THE REEVE

The reeve he was a slender, choleric man
 Who shaved his beard as close as razor can.
 His hair was cut round even with his ears;
 His top was tonsured like a pulpiteer's.
 Long were his legs, and they were very lean,
 And like a staff, with no calf to be seen.
 Well could he manage granary and bin;
 No auditor could ever on him win.

He could foretell, by drought and by the rain,
 The yielding of his seed and of his grain.
 His lord's sheep and his oxen and his dairy,
 His swine and horses, all his stores, his poultry,
 Were wholly in this steward's managing;
 And, by agreement, he'd made reckoning
 Since his young lord of age was twenty years;
 Yet no man ever found him in arrears.
 There was no agent, hind, or herd who'd cheat
 But he knew well his cunning and deceit;
 They were afraid of him as of the death.
 His cottage was a good one, on a heath;
 By green trees shaded with this dwelling-place.
 Much better than his lord could he purchase.
 Right rich he was in his own private right,
 Seeing he'd pleased his lord, by day or night,
 By giving him, or lending, of his goods,
 And so got thanked- but yet got coats and hoods.
 In youth he'd learned a good trade, and had been
 A carpenter, as fine as could be seen.
 This steward sat a horse that well could trot,
 And was all dapple-grey, and was named Scot.
 A long surcoat of blue did he parade,
 And at his side he bore a rusty blade.
 Of Norfolk was this reeve of whom I tell,
 From near a town that men call Badeswell.
 Bundled he was like friar from chin to croup,
 And ever he rode hindmost of our troop.

THE SUMMONER A summoner was with us in that place,
 Who had a fiery-red, cherubic face,
 For eczema he had; his eyes were narrow
 As hot he was, and lecherous, as a sparrow;
 With black and scabby brows and scanty beard;
 He had a face that little children feared.
 There was no mercury, sulphur, or litharge,
 No borax, ceruse, tartar, could discharge,
 Nor ointment that could cleanse enough, or bite,
 To free him of his boils and pimples white,
 Nor of the bosses resting on his cheeks.
 Well loved he garlic, onions, aye and leeks,
 And drinking of strong wine as red as blood.
 Then would he talk and shout as madman would.
 And when a deal of wine he'd poured within,
 Then would. he utter no word save Latin.

Some phrases had he learned, say two or three,
 Which he had garnered out of some decree;
 No wonder, for he'd heard it all the day;
 And all you know right well that even a jay
 Can call out "Wat" as well as can the pope.
 But when, for aught else, into him you'd grope,
 'Twas found he'd spent his whole philosophy;
 Just "Questio quid juris" would he cry.
 He was a noble rascal, and a kind;
 A better comrade 'twould be hard to find.
 Why, he would suffer, for a quart of wine,
 Some good fellow to have his concubine
 A twelve-month, and excuse him to the full
 (Between ourselves, though, he could pluck a gull).
 And if he chanced upon a good fellow,
 He would instruct him never to have awe,
 In such a case, of the archdeacon's curse,
 Except a man's soul lie within his purse;
 For in his purse the man should punished be.
 "The purse is the archdeacon's Hell," said he.
 But well I know he lied in what he said;
 A curse ought every guilty man to dread
 (For curse can kill, as absolution save),
 And 'ware significavit to the grave.
 In his own power had he, and at ease,
 The boys and girls of all the diocese,
 And knew their secrets, and by counsel led.
 A garland had he set upon his head,
 Large as a tavern's wine-bush on a stake;
 A buckler had he made of bread they bake.

THE PARDONER

With him there rode a gentle pardoner
 Of Rouncival, his friend and his compeer;
 Straight from the court of Rome had journeyed he.
 Loudly he sang "Come hither, love, to me,"
 The summoner joining with a burden round;
 Was never horn of half so great a sound.
 This pardoner had hair as yellow as wax,
 But lank it hung as does a strike of flax;
 In wisps hung down such locks as he'd on head,
 And with them he his shoulders overspread;
 But thin they dropped, and stringy, one by one.
 But as to hood, for sport of it, he'd none,
 Though it was packed in wallet all the while.
 It seemed to him he went in latest style,

Dishevelled, save for cap, his head all bare.
 As shiny eyes he had as has a hare.
 He had a fine veronica sewed to cap.
 His wallet lay before him in his lap,
 Stuffed full of pardons brought from Rome all hot.
 A voice he had that bleated like a goat.
 No beard had he, nor ever should he have,
 For smooth his face as he'd just had a shave;
 I think he was a gelding or a mare.
 But in his craft, from Berwick unto Ware,
 Was no such pardoner in any place.
 For in his bag he had a pillowcase
 The which, he said, was Our True Lady's veil:
 He said he had a piece of the very sail
 That good Saint Peter had, what time he went
 Upon the sea, till Jesus changed his bent.
 He had a latten cross set full of stones,
 And in a bottle had he some pig's bones.
 But with these relics, when he came upon
 Some simple parson, then this paragon
 In that one day more money stood to gain
 Than the poor dupe in two months could attain.
 And thus, with flattery and suchlike japes,
 He made the parson and the rest his apes.
 But yet, to tell the whole truth at the last,
 He was, in church, a fine ecclesiast.
 Well could he read a lesson or a story,
 But best of all he sang an offertory;
 For well he knew that when that song was sung,
 Then might he preach, and all with polished tongue.
 To win some silver, as he right well could;
 Therefore he sang so merrily and so loud.

PROLOGUE

Now have I told you briefly, in a clause,
 The state, the array, the number, and the cause
 Of the assembling of this company
 In Southwark, at this noble hostelry
 Known as the Tabard Inn, hard by the Bell.
 But now the time is come wherein to tell
 How all we bore ourselves that very night
 When at the hostelry we did alight.
 And afterward the story I engage
 To tell you of our common pilgrimage.
 But first, I pray you, of your courtesy,
 You'll not ascribe it to vulgarity

Though I speak plainly of this matter here,
 Retailing you their words and means of cheer;
 Nor though I use their very terms, nor lie.
 For this thing do you know as well as I:
 When one repeats a tale told by a man,
 He must report, as nearly as he can,
 Every least word, if he remember it,
 However rude it be, or how unfit;
 Or else he may be telling what's untrue,
 Embellishing and fictionizing too.
 He may not spare, although it were his brother;
 He must as well say one word as another.
 Christ spoke right broadly out, in holy writ,
 And, you know well, there's nothing low in it.
 And Plato says, to those able to read:
 "The word should be the cousin to the deed."
 Also, I pray that you'll forgive it me
 If I have not set folk, in their degree
 Here in this tale, by rank as they should stand.
 My wits are not the best, you'll understand.
 Great cheer our host gave to us, every one,
 And to the supper set us all anon;
 And served us then with victuals of the best.
 Strong was the wine and pleasant to each guest.
 A seemly man our good host was, withal,
 Fit to have been a marshal in some hall;
 He was a large man, with protruding eyes,
 As fine a burgher as in Cheapside lies;
 Bold in his speech, and wise, and right well taught,
 And as to manhood, lacking there in naught.
 Also, he was a very merry man,
 And after meat, at playing he began,
 Speaking of mirth among some other things,
 When all of us had paid our reckonings;
 And saying thus: "Now masters, verily
 You are all welcome here, and heartily:
 For by my truth, and telling you no lie,
 I have not seen, this year, a company
 Here in this inn, fitter for sport than now.
 Fain would I make you happy, knew I how.
 And of a game have I this moment thought
 To give you joy, and it shall cost you naught.
 "You go to Canterbury; may God speed
 And the blest martyr soon requite your meed.
 And well I know, as you go on your way,

You'll tell good tales and shape yourselves to play;
 For truly there's no mirth nor comfort, none,
 Riding the roads as dumb as is a stone;
 And therefore will I furnish you a sport,
 As I just said, to give you some comfort.
 And if you like it, all, by one assent,
 And will be ruled by me, of my judgment,
 And will so do as I'll proceed to say,
 Tomorrow, when you ride upon your way,
 Then, by my father's spirit, who is dead,
 If you're not gay, I'll give you up my head.
 Hold up your hands, nor more about it speak."
 Our full assenting was not far to seek;
 We thought there was no reason to think twice,
 And granted him his way without advice,
 And bade him tell his verdict just and wise,
 "Masters," quoth he, "here now is my advice;
 But take it not, I pray you, in disdain;
 This is the point, to put it short and plain,
 That each of you, beguiling the long day,
 Shall tell two stories as you wend your way
 To Canterbury town; and each of you
 On coming home, shall tell another two,
 All of adventures he has known befall.
 And he who plays his part the best of all,
 That is to say, who tells upon the road
 Tales of best sense, in most amusing mode,
 Shall have a supper at the others' cost
 Here in this room and sitting by this post,
 When we come back again from Canterbury.
 And now, the more to warrant you'll be merry,
 I will myself, and gladly, with you ride
 At my own cost, and I will be your guide.
 But whosoever shall my rule gainsay
 Shall pay for all that's bought along the way.
 And if you are agreed that it be so,
 Tell me at once, or if not, tell me no,
 And I will act accordingly. No more."
 This thing was granted, and our oaths we swore,
 With right glad hearts, and prayed of him, also,
 That he would take the office, nor forgo
 The place of governor of all of us,
 Judging our tales; and by his wisdom thus
 Arrange that supper at a certain price,
 We to be ruled, each one, by his advice

In things both great and small; by one assent,
 We stood committed to his government.
 And thereupon, the wine was fetched anon;
 We drank, and then to rest went every one,
 And that without a longer tarrying.
 Next morning, when the day began to spring,
 Up rose our host, and acting as our cock,
 He gathered us together in a flock,
 And forth we rode, a jog-trot being the pace,
 Until we reached Saint Thomas' watering-place.
 And there our host pulled horse up to a walk,
 And said: "Now, masters, listen while I talk.
 You know what you agreed at set of sun.
 If even-song and morning-song are one,
 Let's here decide who first shall tell a tale.
 And as I hope to drink more wine and ale,
 Whoso proves rebel to my government
 Shall pay for all that by the way is spent.
 Come now, draw cuts, before we farther win,
 And he that draws the shortest shall begin.
 Sir knight," said he, "my master and my lord,
 You shall draw first as you have pledged your word.
 Come near," quoth he, "my lady prioress:
 And you, sir clerk, put by your bashfulness,
 Nor ponder more; out hands, flow, every man!"
 At once to draw a cut each one began,
 And, to make short the matter, as it was,
 Whether by chance or whatsoever cause,
 The truth is, that the cut fell to the knight,
 At which right happy then was every wight.
 Thus that his story first of all he'd tell,
 According to the compact, it befell,
 As you have heard. Why argue to and fro?
 And when this good man saw that it was so,
 Being a wise man and obedient
 To plighted word, given by free assent,
 He slid: "Since I must then begin the game,
 Why, welcome be the cut, and in God's name!
 Now let us ride, and hearken what I say."
 And at that word we rode forth on our way;
 And he began to speak, with right good cheer,
 His tale anon, as it is written here.

HERE ENDS THE PROLOGUE OF THIS BOOK
 AND HERE BEGINS THE FIRST TALE,
 WHICH IS THE KNIGHT'S TALE